

Kerala Gazette No. 18 dated 11th May 1965

PART I

GOVERNMENT OF KERALA

Revenue (G) Department

NOTIFICATION

No. G.O.Rt. 45/65/Rev.

Dated, Trivandrum, 11th January 1965.

In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 13, 14, 15, 16A, 20 and 26 of the Abkari Act (Travancore Act IV of 1073) the Government of Kerala hereby make the following Rules:—

THE TRAVANCORE DENATURED SPIRIT AND METHYL ALCOHOL  
RULES

1. *Short title.*—These rules may be called the Travancore Denatured Spirit and Methyl Alcohol Rules, 1965.

2. *Definitions.*—(1) In these rules—

(a) "the Act" means the Travancore Abkari Act IV of 1073;

(b) "denatured spirit" means spirit subjected to any one of the following processes for the purpose of rendering it unfit for human consumption, namely:—

(i) the admixture with spirit of at least 50 degrees overproof, of light caoutchoucine and pyridine bases in the proportion of  $\frac{1}{2}$  litre of light caoutchoucine and  $\frac{1}{2}$  litre of pyridine basis to 99 litres of spirit;

(ii) the addition of 4 Kilograms of formalin to 100 Kilograms of 60 degrees overproof strength of rectified spirit,

(iii) the addition of liquid soap, (i. e., a preparation made by mixing together and heating three parts of castor oil and one part of caustic soda in the proportion of one litre of liquid soap to 99 litres of spirit.

(iv) the addition of castor oil and caustic soda as specified below:—

For 100 parts of spirit, use one part of castor oil and 0.4 part of caustic soda solution, all by volume. The caustic soda solution is to be prepared by dissolving one part of solid caustic soda in three parts of water. Take the castor oil, add to it one and a half times its volume of alcohol, stir, and finally add the caustic soda solution. A clear solution will be obtained which is to be added to the bulk of the alcohol;

(v) the addition of ammonia in the proportion of 3 volumes of liquor ammonia containing 25 to 26 per cent by weight of ammonia gas to 97 volumes of ethyl alcohol;

(vi) the use of one litre of light caoutchoucine and half a litre of pyridine to 98 $\frac{1}{2}$  litres of spirit with the addition of 13 milli litre of methyl violet;

Provided that the spirit denatured according to this formula, shall not be consumed in this state,

(vii) the addition of 5 litres of Acetone to 100 litres of spirit.

*Explanation:*—The light caoutchoucine and the Pyridine bases must satisfy the laboratory tests described in Appendix I.

(viii) the addition of such denaturants in such proportion as are prescribed by Government from time to time.

(c) "Government" means the Government of Kerala.

(d) "methyl alcohol" means the liquid having the chemical formula  $\text{CH}_3\text{OH}$ . Its other chemical names are methanol, carbinol and methyl hydrate and it includes woodnaphtha, wood spirit, wood alcohol pyroxylic spirit and pyroligenous spirit; and

(e) "methylated spirit" means denatured spirit rendered effectually unfit for human consumption by the admixture of crude woodnaphtha otherwise than in a highly purified condition in the proportion of one part of crude woodnaphtha to twenty parts of spirit (or in any other proportion that may specially be prescribed by the Government).

*Explanation:*—The woodnaphtha must satisfy the specification described in Appendix II.

(f) 'wholesale sale' means sale made to holders of licences prescribed under these rules and to holders of licences in Form VRIII prescribed under the Kerala Varnish Rules, 1962.

(g) 'retail sale' means sale made to the public who do not hold any licence under these rules subject to the conditions specified in the licence for retail sale;

(2) Spirit shall not be denatured by any process other than those specified in sub-rule (1) except with the sanction of the Government.

3. *Application for licence.*—A person desiring to obtain or renew a license under these rules shall apply to the Excise Commissioner or any other officer authorised by him in this behalf through the Excise Inspector concerned in Form A appended to these rules specifying the nature of the licence required with necessary court-fee label affixed to the application.

4. *Duration of licence and licence fee payable.*—(1) Every licence granted under these rules shall be valid for the financial year (beginning from the 1st April or date of issue of this licence and ending with the 31st March immediately following) unless otherwise stated in the licence.

(2) Gallonage fee at the rate of 25 nP. per litre of denatured spirit|methylated spirit|methyl Alcohol|specially denatured spirit shall be levied on the quantity actually supplied to the licensee by the distillery at the time of supply and credited to the revenue of this State.

5. *Renewal of licence.*—A license holder desiring to renew the licence after its expiry shall make an application for renewal as prescribed in rule 3 at least one month before the date of expiry of the licence.

6. *Possession, import and transport.*—(1) Any person or institution may without a licence possess within any local area to which the Act

applies denatured spirit up to a maximum of 1.5 litres or methylated spirit or methyl alcohol up to a maximum of 750 milli litres for any medicinal, scientific or industrial purpose or for domestic purposes such as lighting stoves and lights.

(2) No person or institution shall possess or transport within any local area to which the Act applies denatured spirit in excess of 1.5 litres or methylated spirit or methyl alcohol in excess of 750 milli litres, except under and in accordance with the terms and conditions of a licence or under a transport permit as the case may be:

Provided that it shall not be necessary for officers of the State Government or the Central Government or for medical officers in charge of local fund or municipal hospitals or dispensaries or for medical practitioners in charge of rural dispensaries subsidised by Government or local authorities to obtain licences for possession and use of or transport permits for the transport of, any quantity of denatured or methylated spirit or methyl alcohol for Government purposes or for the purposes of the hospital or dispensary, as the case may be:

Provided further that it shall not be necessary for the Military Installations and Units belonging to the Armed Forces in India to obtain licences for possession and use of any quantity of denatured or methylated spirit or methyl alcohol:

Provided also that it shall not be necessary for Commissioners of Municipalities and Municipal Health Officers to obtain licences for possession and use of, or transport permits for the transport of any quantity of denatured spirit or methylated spirit or methyl alcohol for vaccination and inoculation work.

(3)(i) No person or institution shall import into any local area to which the Act applies any quantity of denatured or methylated spirit or methyl alcohol except under an import permit in Form I granted by the Assistant Excise Commissioner of the importing Division:

Provided that it shall not be necessary for bona fide travellers to obtain an import permit for the import up to a maximum of 1.5 litre of denatured spirit or up to a maximum of 750 milli litres of methylated spirit or methyl alcohol for domestic purposes such as lighting stoves and lights.

(ii) Officers of the State Government and the Central Government may, for Government purposes, obtain any quantity of methyl alcohol from a place outside any local area to which the Act applies under an import permit in Form I issued by the Asst. Excise Commissioner. Such import permit shall be issued only on collection of a fee at the rate of the prevailing Gallonage fee on the total quantity so obtained.

*Exception:*—No such fee shall, however, be collected on the quantity obtained by the Military installations and Units belonging to the Armed Forces in India.

(4) In the case of preparations or commodities containing a high percentage of denatured spirit|methylated spirit|methyl alcohol imported or proposed to be imported, the Asst. Excise Commissioner of the Division concerned may, after getting a sample of such preparation or commodity analysed, levy a gallonage fee at the prescribed rates on the spirit contents of the preparation before any such preparation is allowed to be imported. The requirements of this rule relating to import of denatured spirit|methylated spirit|methyl alcohol shall be complied with in regard to the import of any such preparation or commodity. The importer need not, however, take out a licence under these rules for possession or sale of such commodities in the State.

(5) No licence shall be issued under sub-rule (2) except for a bona fide medicinal, scientific or industrial purpose.

7. *Wholesale depot.*—Wholesale depot licences may be issued in Form D—II appended to these rules and subject to the conditions mentioned therein, to any person or institution for the possession and wholesale sale of denatured or methylated spirit or methyl alcohol for any of the purposes specified in section 25 of the Act.

8. *Retail sale.*—Licences may be issued in Form D—III appended to these rules and subject to the conditions mentioned therein, to any person for the possession and retail sale of denatured or methylated spirit or methyl alcohol for bona fide medicinal, scientific or industrial purposes.

9. *Exports to other States or Union territories.*—Licences may be issued in Form D-III-A, appended to these rules and subject to the conditions mentioned therein to any person or institution, for the possession and export of denatured spirit or methylated spirit or methyl alcohol, for bona fide medicinal, scientific or industrial purposes. Licences to export spirits to other States shall be issued to those who possess import permit or authorisation obtained from the proper authorities of the States or Union territories for import.

10. *Railway companies.*—Licences may be issued in Form D IV appended to these rules and subject to the conditions mentioned therein to the Railways for the storage and used of denatured or methylated spirit for use in the Railways.

11. *Private and charitable medical institutions.*—Licences may be issued in Form D-I A appended to these rules and subject to the conditions mentioned therein to private and charitable medical institutions or specially authorized firms or institutions for the possession and use of methylated spirit of B. P. standard consisting of 19 volumes of alcohol and one volume of approved woodnaphtha in the preparation of medical compounds for which such spirit is prescribed.

12. *Soap Manufacture.*—Licences may be issued in Form D-IV A appended to these rules and subject to the conditions mentioned therein to any private individual or institution manufacturing soap for the possession and use of denatured spirit specially prepared according to the procedure prescribed in rule 2(1) (b) (iv).

13. *Manufacture of metal polishes.*—Licences may be issued in Form D-IV B appended to these rules and subject to the conditions mentioned therein to any private individual or institution manufacturing metal polishes for the possession and use of denatured spirit specially prepared according to the procedure prescribed in rule 2(1)(b)(v).

#### GENERAL CONDITIONS

14. (1) *Conditions to be satisfied before a licence is granted.*—(a) On receipt of the application referred to in rule 3 the Excise Inspector or such other officer as may be authorised by the Excise Commissioner shall satisfy himself—

(i) that the applicant has not been convicted of any offence against the Act or of any cognizable and non-bailable offence;

(ii) that the applicant is a resident of the place where the licence is required;

(iii) that the personal circumstances, previous experience of the applicant in the line and local needs justify the grant of licence; and

(iv) that the privilege is not likely to be misused and then submit his report to the Assistant Excise Commissioner of the division concerned with his recommendation taking into consideration the local conditions and any other points which he considers necessary. The quantity of denatured spirit|methylated spirit|methyl alcohol that may be allowed to be possessed by the applicant if a licence is to be granted should also be specified. The fact whether the applicant held a similar licence formerly shall also be considered. (This condition is not to be satisfied by applicant for export licences in Form D-III A).

(b) (i) On receipt of the report, the Assistant Excise Commissioner may also make such other enquiries which he deems necessary and he will send up the application with his recommendation to the Excise Commissioner.

(ii) If the Excise Commissioner is satisfied that there is real need for the grant of a licence for the particular locality and the privilege is not likely to be misused by the applicant, he may accord sanction for the grant of a licence under these rules for such quantities of denatured spirit|Methylated spirit|Methyl Alcohol as he deems necessary. On receipt of the sanction the Assistant Excise Commissioner shall issue the licence. However in the case of renewal contemplated in rule 5 the licences can be issued by the Assistant Excise Commissioner without a reference to the Excise Commissioner provided there is no change in the quantity or content or Form of the licence.

(2) The following general conditions shall apply to all licences issued under rule 7 or rule 8 of these rules, namely:—

(i) the licence must be hung up in a conspicuous place in the depot or shop;

(ii) no depot or shop shall be kept open between the hours of 9 p. m. and 6 a. m.

(iii) denatured spirit kept for sale shall be of good quality and unadulterated. The sale of denatured spirit whose hydrometer or apparent strength is below 50° O. P. is prohibited. Should any Inspecting Officer be of opinion that any spirit found by him on inspection is insufficiently denatured, he shall report the matter to the Asst. Excise Commissioner and may at the time of inspection remove the spirit in question or cause the receptacle to be sealed and submit a sample to the Assistant Excise Commissioner for getting it analysed. If the analysis shows that it is insufficiently denatured the spirit shall be at once treated a fresh or, failing this, destroyed.

(iv) true accounts of transactions shall be maintained from day to day in ink in Form D—V appended to these rules by the holders of licences other than those in Forms D-II and D-III. Holders of licences in Forms D-II and D-III shall maintain accounts in the forms appended to their licences. The accounts shall be in printed books. Accounts, invoices and permits relating to import or transport shall be preserved for one year after the period covered by the licence and shall be produced when called for by any Excise Officer not below the rank of an Inspector;

(v) in calculating the fee, if any, leviable on licences issued under these rules, no allowance will be made for loss of spirits or methyl alcohol due to any cause whatsoever. Any shortage, leakage or methyl alcohol not accounted for to the satisfaction of the Licensing Authority will render the licence liable for cancellation;

(vi) no privilege of storage or sale shall be sold transferred or sub-rented without the previous permission of the Excise Commissioner. Nor, if the Excise Commissioner so orders, shall any agent be appointed for the management of any such privilege without his previous approval;

(vii) any licence may be revoked by the Excise Commissioner on giving the licensee fifteen days' notice of such revocation;

(viii) the premises for which the licence is granted shall be open to inspection by the Excise Commissioner or any Excise Officer not below the rank of an Inspector or any officer of the Police Department below the rank of a Sub-Inspector or any other Prohibition Officer authorised for the purpose. The Excise Commissioner or Inspecting Officer shall be furnished with such information regarding the quantity of spirit or methyl alcohol used as may be required by him;

(ix) Every bottle, jar, cask or other receptacles containing denatured or methylated spirit or methyl alcohol received into or kept for storage or sale in a shop licensed under these rules or by a private person permitted to be in possession of such spirit or methyl alcohol shall have affixed to it in a conspicuous manner a label which should contain the

picture of a full human skeleton at least three inches in length extending from the top to the bottom of the label with the following words printed on the right and left of the picture:--

"POISON. not to be taken internally."  
"denatured spirit

-----  
Methylated Spirit.  
-----

Methyl Alcohol

Spirit made in . . . . .  
and denatured|methylated in . . . . .

Methyl Alcohol made in . . . . ."

The use of any label not containing all the aforesaid particulars or containing any other particulars is prohibited. The words "Poison-- Not to be taken internally" should be printed in red in bold letters in English, Tamil and Malayalam. The design and style of the label shall be as in Form D VI, D VII or D VIII, as the case may be;

(x) Licensee shall be bound by any additional rules that may be prescribed by the Government from time to time.

15. *Security.*—In respect of licences in Forms D IV A and D IV B— appended to these rules, the licensee shall if required by the Asst. Excise Commissioner at any time during the currency of the licence, deposit with the Assistant Excise Commissioner in cash or in Government promissory notes such sums as may be prescribed by the licensing authority as security for the due observance of the conditions of the licence. In case of nonobservance of the terms of the licence, the security so taken may be forfeited to the Government and the licence cancelled. The forfeiture of deposit and cancellation of the licence shall not be held to prevent the licensee from being prosecuted under the Act.

16. *Change of place of business of Licensee.*—(i) A licensee shall not change his place of business to any place outside the area covered by the licence. If he desires to do so, a fresh application for a licence should be made and all the provisions relating to the grant of a fresh of licence shall apply to the case.

(ii) The Excise Commissioner may, after giving the licensee an opportunity to show cause why such an order should not be passed, by an order in writing stating the reasons therefore, cancel a licence issued under these rules or suspend it for such period as he thinks fit either wholly or in part, if, in his opinion, the licensee has failed to comply with all or any of the conditions of the licence or with any of the provisions of the Act. Where a licence is suspended or cancelled during its currency or is not renewed after its expiry, the licensee holder is prohibited from selling or using any of the stocks held by him under the licence at the time of such suspension, cancellation or expiry. The stocks shall be disposed of only on the orders of the Assistant Excise Commissioner.

(iii) If the Excise Commissioner considers that the licence applied for should not be granted to the applicant, he may by order in writing refuse to grant a licence for reasons to be specified therein.

(iv) A licensee shall pay such fees as are prescribed in the respective licences in addition to the gallonage fee prescribed under the rules.

#### APPENDIX I

Official Laboratory tests to ascertain the suitability of samples of Light Caoutchoucine and Pyridine Bases for Denaturing Spirit.

##### A. SPECIFICATION OF LIGHT CAOUTCHOUCINE

1. *Nature.*—By "Caoutchoucine" is meant the liquid obtained by the dry distillation of vulcanized rubber. By "light caoutchoucine" is meant the liquid obtained by redistilling "Caoutchoucine" and collecting that portion which passes over at, or below about 200°C.

2. *The specific gravity of light caoutchoucine.*—The specific gravity of light caoutchoucine at 60°F. should lie between 0.835 and 0.860 taking the specific gravity of water to be 1.000.

3. *Boiling test.*—For the purpose of this test, 100 c. c. of light caoutchoucine should be redistilled in the pyridine testing flask (see specification for pyridine bases). Under those conditions not more than 15 c. c. of distillate should pass over at or below 100°C. whilst a total (including the foregoing) of at least 70 c. c. should pass over at or below 200°C.

4. *Absence of soluble constituents.*—When 25 cc. of light caoutchoucine are shaken with an equal volume of water in a stoppered graduated cylinder and due time is allowed for the liquids to separate again into two layers, the light caoutchoucine should show no appreciable diminution in volume.

5. *Neutrality.*—The aqueous layer obtained from test (4) should show no marked acidity or alkalinity when tested with both red and blue litmus papers.

6. *Limit of saturated hydro-carbons.*—At least 70 per cent of the light caoutchoucine should be soluble in concentrated sulphuric acid. For testing this 25 c. c. should be measured off into a tapped and stoppered separating cylinder of suitable capacity and sulphuric acid should be added, at first with great care and in very small quantities. After each addition of acid, the cylinder should be shaken and cooled to avoid loss of volatile constituents. Sufficient acid must be used (usually about 50 cc) for the high coloured layer to become quite fluid so that it can separate readily from the upper layer of unattacked constituents. After a final thorough shaking and cooling, the cylinder should be left for about three hours to effect complete separation, of the two layers and the lower layer



be then tapped off. The almost colourless upper layer should be again shaken with strong sulphuric acid until it appears free from soluble constituents (as judged by the colour imparted to the sulphuric acid) and separated as before after standing. It should finally measure not more than 7 c. c. The acid used should be of specific gravity 1.84 and may be of commercial quality.

7. *Freedom from water.*—Light caoutchoucine should not contain any appreciable amount of water. Any officer engaged in drawing samples for test should certify on the bottle that he has drawn the sample from the bottom of the containing vessel where the water, if present, will be found. For this purpose, he should employ a syphon tube of which the shorter limb reaches to the floor of the containing vessel. He should also assure himself that the sample is collected in a bottle free of moisture.

#### B. SPECIFICATION OF PYRIDINE BASES

1. *Colour.*—The colour must not ordinarily be darker than that given by 2 c. c. of decinormal iodine solution dissolved in one litre of distilled water.

2. *Mixibility with water.*—The pyridine bases should mix readily and completely with spirit and should give a clear or only slightly opalescent solution when mixed with twice their volume of water.

3. *Amount of water present.*—From 20 c. c. of the pyridine bases mixed with 20 c. c. of caustic soda solution density (1.4) at least 18.5 c. c. of the bases should separate after having been repeatedly shaken together and allowed to stand.

4. *Titration.*—Dissolve 1 c. c. of the pyridine bases in 9.5 c. c. of distilled water. Titrate with normal sulphuric acid until a drop of the mixture gives a definite blue spot on congo-red paper (the blue colour should at once disappear). At least 9.5 c. c. of the normal sulphuric acid should be required to produce this re-action. (to prepare the congo-red paper, dissolve one gram of congo-red in one litre of distilled water. Soak filter paper in this and then dry).

5. *Cadmium chloride reaction.*—Vigorously shake together 10 c. c. of a solution of 1 c. c. of pyridine bases in 100 c. c. of distilled water with 5 c. c. of a five per cent solution of dry fused cadmium chloride. A distinct crystalline precipitate should immediately result, and there should be an abundant separation of crystals within ten minutes.

Another 10 c. c. of the above 1 per cent aqueous solution should give a white precipitate when mixed with 5 c. c. of Nessler's reagent.

6. *Boiling Point.*—Distill 100 c. c. of the pyridine bases in the manner described below. At least 50 c.c. should distill over at or under 140°C. and a total of 90 c. c. at or under 160°C.

Method: One hundred cubic centimeters of pyridine bases are placed in a short-necked copper flask of about 200 c. c. capacity. The flask is arranged on an asbestos card which has a circular hole of 30 m. m.

diameter cut in it. To the flask is attached a fractioning column (consisting of a tube 13 m. m. wide and 170 m. m. long, provided with one bulb) of which the side tube (issuing 1 c. m. above the bulb) join a liebig's condenser of which the cooled part is at least 400 m. m. long. A standard thermometer is placed in the head of the column so that its bulb occupies the centre of the bulb of the column.

The speed of distillation is adjusted to 5 c. c. per minute, the distillate being received in a graduated glass cylinder. At least 50 c. c. should distill over at or under 150°C. and 90 c. c. at or under 160°C. at a barometric pressure of 760 m. m.

If the barometer varies from 760 m. m. a correction of 1°C. for each 30 m. m. of variation should be applied (e. g. under 770 m. m. of pressure 50 c. c. of distillate should come over at or under 140.3°C. whilst under 750 m. m. the same amount of distillate should come over at 139.7°C.)

NOTE:—'Pyridine proper' is a single definite compound (C. H. 5 N.) boiling at about 116°C. 'Pyridine bases' are mixture of Pyridine with closely allied compounds boiling at various temperatures. They are cheaper and more effective denaturents than the pur pyridine.

## APPENDIX II

### SPECIFICATION FOR WOODNAPHTHA

(a) Not more than 30 c. c. of the woodnaptha should be required to decolourise 0.5 gram of bromine;

(b) it should be neutral or slightly alkaline to litmus. 25 c. c. of woodnaptha should require at least 5 c. c. of N/10 acid using methyl orange as indicator;

(c) it must contain at least 72 per cent by volume of methyl alcohol (methanol); in order to estimate the amount of methanol the fractional distillation test (Government Laboratory, London) will be taken as standard;

(d) in 100 c. c. of woodnaptha there should not be less than 5 grams of substances present (calculated as acetone) as measured by Messinger's test; and

(e) there should be not less than 1.5 grams of esters present calculated as methyl acetate.

NOTE: The fractional distillation test is preferred to the methyl iodide test because certain difficulties are associated with carrying out the methyl iodide test as a regular practice in laboratories in India on account of the high temperature frequently prevailing.

APPENDIX III

FORM A

(See Rule 3)

APPLICATION FOR LICENCE

To

The Assistant Excise Commissioner,  
Through the Excise Inspector.

1. Name in block letters.
2. Permanent address.
3. Place and premises in which the applicant proposes to carry on business
4. Local area which the licence applied for is intended to serve
5. Occupation and approximate monthly income
6. Quantities required
 

(a) at a time	Denatured spirit
(b) in a month	Methylated spirit
(c) in a year	Methyl alcohol
7. Other licences held by the applicant if any
8. The period for which the applicant was holding the licence
9. Quantity consumed in .....

If the application is for renewal of a licence, the figures of consumption of spirit during the last 3 years (previous to the year for which the renewal is applied for) may be furnished.

10. Any special reasons which the applicant requests to be considered of the grant of the licence
  - (1) I hereby declare that the particulars given above are correct.
  - (2) I hereby undertake to abide by the conditions of the licence and the provisions of the Abkari Act and the rules and regulations made thereunder.

Place:

Date:

*Signature of applicant.*

## FORM I

(See Rule 6)

## Permit for import|export|transport (in triplicate)

The person named below is hereby permitted to import|export|transport the commodities described below by the route named:—

1. Name
2. Address
3. Commodity
4. Quantity of Commodity
5. From
6. Route
7. To
8. Period of currency of permit
9. Where permit is to be filed

Station:

Date:

Asst. Excise Commissioner.

Licensee.

## FORM D-1

(See Rule 6)

(Scientific and Industrial purposes)

Licence for possession and use of

Denatured spiritMethylated spiritMethyl alcohol.

The Assistant Excise Commissioner.....Division,  
Kerala State hereby license you residing at  
to possess denatured spirit|methylated spirit|methyl alcohol for use in  
during the year ending the last day of March 19  
subject to the following conditions to be observed by you:—

## CONDITIONS

1. The licence shall not extend to the possession and use of spirit denatured otherwise than in accordance with rule 2 (1) (b) of the Travancore Denatured Spirit and Methyl Alcohol Rules.
2. The licensee shall be bound by the Travancore Denatured Spirit and Methyl Alcohol Rules.
3. The license shall not extend to the sale of denatured spirit|methylated spirit|methyl alcohol.
4. The licensee shall not possess at any time more than\* litres of denatured spirit|methylated spirit|methyl alcohol.

5. The licensee shall not store the denatured spirit|methyated spirit| methyl alcohol obtained under this licence in any place other than the licensed premises.

6. The total quantity of denatured spirit|methyated spirit|methyl alcohol which may be consumed under this licence in any one financial year or during the period the licence is valid, shall not exceed..... litres.

7. Every consignment of denatured spirit|methyated spirit|methyl alcohol imported by the licensee from any place outside the area in which the Travancore Abkari Act is in force shall be accompanied by an import permit in Form I granted by the Asst. Excise Commissioner.

8. An inspection note-book in the form in the Annexure shall be maintained for the use of inspecting officers and shall on demand be handed over to the Excise Commissioner or to any officer authorized by him to receive it on a receipt being given therefor.

9. Gallonage fee at the rate of 25 nP. per litre of denatured spirit| methyated spirit|methyl alcohol shall be paid to the Excise Officer in charge of the Distillery on the quantity actually obtained from the Distillery within this State at the time of purchase. If however the denatured spirit|methyated spirit|methyl alcohol is to be imported into the State from outside, the gallonage fee due thereon shall be remitted beforehand into the treasury and the treasury receipt produced before the Excise Inspector along with the application for permit.

10. The licensee shall maintain an account in the manner prescribed in Form D. V, which shall be open to inspection by any Police Officer not below the rank of Sub-Inspector or any Excise Officer not below the rank of an Excise Inspector or any other Prohibition Officer duly authorised by the rules for the purpose.

Dated the \_\_\_\_\_ date of \_\_\_\_\_ 19 \_\_\_\_\_  
Asst. Excise Commissioner.

\*(to be filled in by the Prohibition Commissioner according to circumstances.)

ANNEXURE  
INSPECTION NOTE-BOOK  
Enclosure to Form D-I

Shop	No.	Year	quantity	_____ sold	Licensee's Name
Depot				_____ used	
Village					
Taluk					
Division					
Station.					

(one page ruled)

This book is the property of Government and must be returned to any Excise Inspector of the range on the expiry of the period of licence.

Maximum stock  
Minimum stock

Monthly Sale		Consumption		Month	Punishments inflicted on the licensee (a) date of offence, (b) date of judgment or order, (c) by whom inflicted, (d) number of case or order, (e) nature of offence and (f) punishment.
19	19	19	19		
In the month	Up to the month	In the month	Up to the month		
Litres	Litres	Litres	Litres		
April					
May					
June					
July					
August					
September					
October					
November					
December					
January					
February					
March					

(Six pages)

(Four pages)

FORM D—I.A.

(See Rule 11)

Licence for possession and use of methylated spirit by private and charitable medical institutions or specially authorised firms or institutions.

The Asst. Excise Commissioner.....Division Kerala State hereby licence you residing at

to possess methylated spirit for use in the year ending 31st March 19 during

subject to the following conditions to be observed by you:—

CONDITIONS

1. The licensee shall be bound by the Travancore Denatured Spirit and Methyl Alcohol Rules.
2. The licence extends only to the possession and use, but not the sale, of special methylated spirit of B.P. standard, consisting of 19 volumes of alcohol (95 per cent) and one volume of approved woodnappa in the preparation of medical compounds for which such spirit is prescribed.
3. The licensee shall not possess at any one time more than litres of methylated spirit. The total quantity of methylated spirit which may

be consumed under this licence in any one financial year or during the period the licence is valid, shall not exceed                      litres.

4. The licensee may procure his supplies of methylated spirit by purchase from distilleries in this State or by direct importation from any place outside the State.

5. The licensee shall not store the methylated spirit obtained under this license in any place other than the licensed premises.

6. Every consignment of methylated spirit imported by the licensee from any place outside the area in which the Act, is in force shall be accompanied by an import permit in Form I, granted by the Asst. Excise Commissioner.

7. Gallonage fee at the rate of 25 nP. per litre of methylated spirit shall be paid to the Excise Officer in charge of the Distillery on the quantity actually obtained from the Distillery within this State at the time of purchase. If however the methylated spirit is to be imported into the State from outside, the gallonage fee due thereon shall be remitted beforehand into the treasury and the treasury receipt produced before the Asst. Excise Commissioner along with application for permit.

8. Methylated spirit shall not be purified. It shall not be recovered or re-distilled without the previous sanction of the Excise Commissioner.

9. An inspection note-book in the Form in the Annexure below shall be maintained for the use of inspecting officers and shall on demand be handed over to the Excise Commissioner or to any officer authorised by him to receive it on a receipt being given therefor.

10. The licensee shall maintain an account in Form D V appended to these rules, which shall be open to inspection by any officer of the Excise Department not below in rank of an Excise Inspector.

11. The licence is not transferable and may be suspended or cancelled at any time by the Excise Commissioner after giving the licensee an opportunity to show cause against the action proposed to be taken.

Dated the    date of    19

*Asst. Excise Commissioner.*

ANNEXURE

INSPECTION NOTE-BOOK

Shop	No.	Year	quantity	sold	Licensee's Name
Depot				used	
Village					
Taluk					
Division					
Station,					

(one page ruled)

This book is the property of Government and must be returned to any Excise Officer not below the rank of Inspector on the expiry of the period of licence.

Month	Monthly Sale Consumption				Maximum stock	Minimum stock	Punishments inflicted on the licensee (a) date of offence, (b) date of judgment or order, (c) by whom inflicted, (d) number of case or order, (e) nature of offence and (f) punishment.
	19	19	19	19			
	In the month Litres	Up to the month Litres	In the month Litres	Up to the month Litres			
April							
May							
June							
July							
August							
September							
October							
November							
December							
January							
February							
March							

(Six pages)

(Four pages)

FORM D—II

(See Rule 7)

Depot licence for the wholesale sale of Denatured spirit|Methylated spirit|Methyl alcohol.

The Asst. Excise Commissioner.....Division, Kerala State hereby license you.....to establish a depot at.....in the town of.....for the Possession and wholesale sale of denatured spirit|methylated spirit|methyl alcohol during the year ending the last day of March subject to the following conditions to be observed by you:—

CONDITIONS

1. The licence shall not extend to the possession and wholesale sale of spirit denatured otherwise than in accordance with rule 2 (1)(b) of the Travancore Denatured spirit and Methyl Alcohol Rules.
2. The licensee shall be bound by the Travancore Denatured Spirit and Methyl Alcohol Rules.



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3. The licensee shall not sell at a time less than 9 litres or more than 675 litres of denatured spirit|1.5 litres or more than 135 litres of methylated spirit 7.5 litres or more than 90 litres of methyl alcohol.

4. The licensee shall not sell denatured spirit|methylated spirit| methyl alcohol except to holders of licences under the Travancore Denatured Spirit and Methyl Alcohol Rules. All issues of denatured spirit, methylated spirit or methyl alcohol made under the D II licence shall be covered by a transport|export permit in Form I. Whenever supplies of denatured spirit|methylated spirit|methyl alcohol are made to persons holding licences issued under the Travancore Denatured Spirit and Methyl Alcohol Rules, and under the rules regarding the manufacture, import, use and sale of varnish, the licensee shall make necessary endorsements on the respective licences, regarding the quantity and date of supply.

5. The licensee shall not store the denatured spirit|methylated spirit| methyl alcohol obtained under this license in any place other than the licensed premises.

6. The licensee shall note the contents of each bottle of denatured spirit|methylated spirit|methyl alcohol exhibited for sale in terms of litres on the label affixed.

7. The total quantity of denatured spirit|methylated spirit|methyl alcohol which may be sold under this licence in any one financial year shall not exceed.....litres.

8. Every consignment of denatured spirit|methylated spirit|methyl alcohol imported by the licensee from any place outside the area in which the Travancore Abkari Act IV of 1073, is in force shall be accompanied by an import permit in Form I granted by the Asst. Excise Commissioner.

9. An account of the daily transactions under this licence shall be kept in Form A in the Annexure.

The licensee shall issue bills for the sale of denatured spirit|methylated spirit|methyl alcohol in each case and enter the number of each bill against the corresponding entry in the account book.

10. Gallonage fee at the rate of 25 P. per litre of denatured spirit|methylated spirit|methyl alcohol shall be paid to the Excise Officer in charge of the distillery on the quantity actually obtained from the distillery within this State at the time of purchase. If however the denatured spirit|methylated spirit|methyl alcohol is to be imported into the State from outside, the gallonage fee due thereon should be remitted before hand into the treasury and the treasury receipt produced before the Excise Officer along with the application for permit.

11. An inspection note book in Form B in the Annexure shall be maintained for the use of inspecting officers and shall on demand be handed to the Excise Commissioner or to any officer authorised by him to receive it, on a receipt being given therefor.

Dated \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 19 \_\_\_\_\_

Asst. Excise Commissioner.

Annexure

FORM A

ACCOUNT TO BE MAINTAINED BY HOLDERS OF DEPOT LICENCE FOR WHOLE-SALE SALE

In hand	Receipts	Total in hand and received	Issues	Total issues	Balance in hand
(1) Date (2) Number of casks (3) Quantity Litres	(4) From what distillery or from where with number and date of permit (5) Number of casks (6) Quantity Litres	(7) Number of casks (8) Quantity Litres	(9) Name and address of the purchaser (10) Quantity allowed to be possessed at a time by the purchaser (11) Number of permit (12) Number of casks (13) Quantity (14) Number of the bills of sale Litres	(15) Number of casks (16) Quantity Litres	(17) Number of casks (18) Quantity Litres
					(19) Remarks

FORM B  
INSPECTION NOTE-BOOK

Shop \_\_\_\_\_ No. \_\_\_\_\_ Year \_\_\_\_\_ quantity \_\_\_\_\_ sold \_\_\_\_\_ Licensee's Name \_\_\_\_\_  
 Depot \_\_\_\_\_ used \_\_\_\_\_  
 Village \_\_\_\_\_  
 Taluk \_\_\_\_\_  
 Division \_\_\_\_\_  
 Station. \_\_\_\_\_ (one page ruled).

This book is the property of Government and must be returned to any Excise Officer not below the rank of Inspector on the expiry of the period of licence.

Month	Monthly		Sale Consumption		Punishments inflicted on the licensee (a) date of offence, (b) date of judgment or order, (c) by whom inflicted, (d) number of case or order, (e) nature of offence and (f) punishment.
	19 In the month	19 Up to the month	19 In the month	19 Up to the month	
	Litres	Litres	Litres	Litres	
April					
May					
June					
July					
August					
September					
October					
November					(Six pages) (Four pages)
December					
January					
February					
March					

FORM D—III

(See Rule 8)

Licence for the retail sale of denatured spirit|methylated spirit| methyl alcohol.

The Assistant Excise Commissioner..... Division, hereby licence you.....to possess and sell in retail denatured

spirit/methylated spirit/methyl alcohol at your shop at

(i) such person, his agent or servant duly authorised by him in writing declares the purpose for which the denatured spirit|methylated spirit|methyl alcohol is required, gives all other particulars required to fill in columns (7) to (10) of the form in Annexure I and signs his name or affixes his left thumb impression in column (11) thereof; and

(ii) the licensee is satisfied that the denatured spirit|methylated spirit|methyl alcohol is required for bona fide medicinal, scientific or industrial purposes.

The licensee shall issue bills for the sale of denatured spirit|methylated spirit|methyl alcohol in each case and enter the number of each bill against the corresponding entry in the account book.

10. An inspection note book in the form in Annexure II shall be maintained for the use of Inspecting Officers and shall on demand be handed over to the Excise Commissioner or to any officer authorised by him to receive it, on a receipt being given therefor.

11. Gallonage fee at the rate of P. 25 per litre of denatured spirit|methylated spirit|methyl alcohol shall be paid to the Excise Officer-in-charge of the distillery on the quantity actually obtained from the distillery within this State at the time of purchase. If however the denatured spirit|methylated spirit|methyl alcohol is to be imported into the State from outside, the gallonage fee due thereon shall be remitted before hand into the treasury and the Treasury Receipt produced before the Excise Inspector along with application for permit.

Dated the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 19\_\_\_\_  
Asst. Excise Commissioner.

#### ANNEXURE I

Combined account and register of purchasers to be maintained by holders of licences for the retail sale of denatured spirit|methylated spirit|methyl alcohol.

Nature of licence and number.

Name of licensee

Station.

1. Date.
- Litres 2. Opening balance.
- Litres 3. Quantity received.
4. Source of supply.
- Litres 5. Total quantity in hand and received.
- Litres 6. Quantity sold (each transaction)
7. Number of the bills of sale.
8. Name and father's name of purchaser.
9. Address of purchaser.
10. Purpose for which required.
11. Name and address of authorised agent or servant making the purchase.

12. Signature or left thumb impression of purchaser, agent or servant making the purchase.
- Litres 13. The quantity sold each day.
14. Remarks.

ANNEXURE II  
INSPECTION NOTE-BOOK

Shop	No.	Year	quantity	sold	Licensee's Name
Depot				used	
Village					
Taluk					
Division					
Station.					

(one page ruled)

This book is the property of Government and must be returned to any Excise Officer not below the rank of Inspector on the expiry of the period of licence.

Maximum stock  
Minimum stock

Monthly	Sale				Punishments inflicted on the licensee (a) date of offence, (b) date of judgment or order, (c) by whom inflicted, (d) number of case or order, (e) nature of offence and (f) punishment.
	Consumption				
	19	19	19	19	
Month	In the month	Up to the month	In the month	Up to the month	
April					
May					
June					
July					
August					
September					
October					
November					
December					
January					
February					
March					

(Six pages)

(Four pages)

## FORM D-III-A

(See Rule 9)

Licence for the possession and export of denatured spirit|methylated spirit|methyl alcohol.

The Asst. Excise Commissioner..... Division hereby license you to possess and export..... litres of denatured spirit|methylated spirit|methyl alcohol during the period from to subject to the following conditions to be observed by you.

## CONDITIONS

(1) This licence extends only to the possession and export of Denatured spirit.

(2) The licensee shall be bound by the Travancore Denatured spirit and Methyl Alcohol Rules.

(3) The licensee shall procure his requirements of spirit from Distilleries or wholesale licensees of this State and shall not sell or otherwise dispose of the spirits in this State.

(4) Verification reports showing that the full consignment has reached the destination in the State or Union territory of import shall be obtained from the authorities concerned and sent to the licensing authority of this State.

(5) An account of daily transactions under the licence shall be maintained by the licensee in Form A in the annexure.

## FORM 'A'

<i>Date</i>	<i>Quantity in hand</i>	<i>Quantity received</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Export Permit No. and date and by whom issued</i>	<i>Import Permit No. and date and by whom issued</i>	<i>Quantity issued</i>	<i>Balance</i>
	<i>litre</i>	<i>litre</i>	<i>litre</i>				<i>litres</i>

Dated the

day of

19

Assistant Excise Commissioner.

## FORM D-IV

(See Rule 10)

Licence granted to an officer of the Southern Railway for storage and use of denatured|methylated spirit|methyl alcohol and its distribution to outstations or other Railway institutions under his control in Kerala State.

The Asst. Excise Commissioner.....Division hereby  
licenses you..... to import, .....  
transport, store at..... denatured spirit|methyl-  
lated spirit|methyl alcohol for use in .....and to



## ANNEXURE—III

## Account Book Form

<i>Date</i>	<i>Opening Balance of spirit litres</i>	<i>Quantity received litre</i>	<i>Permit No. and date in respect of receipt</i>	<i>Consumption Litres</i>	<i>If issued in excess of 1½ litres, the details of permit</i>	<i>Closing Balance litres</i>	<i>Remarks</i>

## FORM—D IV A

(See Rule 12)

Licence for possession and use of specially denatured spirit by  
manufacturers of soaps

The Assistant Excise Commissioner..... Division,  
hereby license you ..... residing at  
to possess specially denatured spirit for use in the manufacture of soaps  
during the year ending 31st March ..... subject to the following  
conditions to be observed by you:—

## CONDITIONS

1. The licensee shall be bound by the Travancore Denatured Spirit and Methyl Alcohol Rules.

2. The licence extends only to the possession and use but not for the sale of specially denatured spirit, i.e., spirit rendered unfit for human consumption by the addition of castor oil and caustic soda as specified below.

For 100 parts of spirit use 1 part of castor oil and 0.4 part of caustic soda solution, all by volume. The caustic soda solution is to be prepared by dissolving one part of solid caustic soda in three parts of water. Take the castor oil, add to it 1½ times its volume of alcohol, stir, and finally add the caustic soda solution. A clear solution will be obtained which is to be added to the bulk of the alcohol.

3. The licensee shall not possess at any one time more than .....litres of specially denatured spirit.

4. The licensee shall not store the denatured spirit obtained under this licence in any place other than the licensed premises.

Every consignment of specially denatured spirit imported by the licensee from any place outside the area in which the Act, is in force shall be accompanied by an import permit in Form I granted by the Assistant Excise Commissioner.

6. An inspection note-book in the form in the Annexure shall be maintained for the use of inspecting officers and shall on demand be handed over to the Excise Commissioner or to any officer authorised by him to receive it on a receipt being given therefor.

7. An account book in the following form shall be maintained by the licensee:—

<i>Source from which the spirit was obtained</i>	<i>Date of receipt.</i>	<i>Quantity received</i>	<i>Quantity issued each day</i>	<i>Balance at the close of each date</i>	<i>Wastage</i>
	<i>Litres</i>	<i>Litres</i>	<i>Litres</i>	<i>Litres</i>	<i>Litres</i>
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)

The Account book shall be open for inspection by any officer of the Excise Department not below the rank of an Excise Inspector or any officer of the Police Department not below the rank of Sub-Inspector.

8. Gallonage fee at the rate of P. 25 per litre of specially denatured spirit shall be paid to the Excise Officer in charge of the distillery on the quantity actually obtained from the distillery within this State at the time of purchase. If however the specially denatured spirit is to be imported into the State from outside, the gallonage fee due thereon shall be remitted beforehand into the treasury and the treasury receipt produced before the Excise Inspector along with the application for permit.

9. The licensee shall be bound by any general or special conditions that may be prescribed by the Government from time to time.

10. The licensee shall, if required by the Assistant Excise Commissioner at any time during the currency of the licence, deposit with the Assistant Excise Commissioner in cash or in Government promissory notes such sum as may be prescribed by the Assistant Excise Commissioner as security for the due observance of the conditions of this licence. In case of non-observance of the terms of the licence, the security so taken shall be forfeited to the Government and the licence cancelled. The forfeiture of deposit and cancellation of the licence shall not be held to prevent the licensee from being prosecuted under the Abkari Act.

11. The licence is not transferable.

Dated the            day of            19            .

*Prohibition Commissioner.*

**ANNEXURE**

Inspection Note-Book

Shop  
—No.

Year

Quantity

Sold  
used

Licensee's name  
used

Depot  
Village  
Taluk  
Division  
Station

(one page ruled)

This book is the property of Government and must be returned to any Excise Officer not below the rank of Inspector on the expiry of the period of licence.

Maximum stock  
Minimum stock

Monthly ————  
Sale  
Consumption

Month	19 <i>In the month</i>	19 <i>Up to the month</i>	19 <i>In the month</i>	19 <i>Up to the month</i>	<i>Punishments inflicted on the licensee (a) date of offence, (b) date of judgement or order, (c) by whom inflicted, (d) number of case or order, (e) nature of offence and (f) punishment.</i>
April					
May					
June					
July					
August					
September					
October					
November					
December					
January					
February					
March					

(Six pages)

(Four pages)

**FORM—D IV B.**

(See Rule 13)

**Licence for possession and use specially denatured spirit by manufacturers of metal polishes.**

The Assistant Excise Commissioner ..... Division  
hereby license you .....  
residing at .....  
specially denatured spirit for use in the manufacture of metal polishes  
to possess

during the year ending 31st March  
conditions to be observed by you:--

subject to the following

CONDITIONS

1. The licensee shall be bound by the Travancore Denatured Spirit

9. The licensee shall be bound by any general or special conditions that may be prescribed by the Government from time to time.

10. The licensee shall, if required by the Assistant Excise Commissioner at any time during the currency of the licence deposit with the Assistant Excise Commissioner in cash or in Government promissory notes such sum as may be prescribed by the Assistant Excise Commissioner as security for the due observance of the conditions of this licence. In case of non-observance of conditions of this licence, the security so taken shall be forfeited to the Government and the licence cancelled. The forfeiture of deposit and cancellation of the licence shall not be held to prevent the licensee from being prosecuted under the Abkari Act.

11. The licence is not transferable.

Dated the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 19 ..

*Assistant Excise Commissioner.*

**ANNEXURE**

Inspection Note book

Shop _____	No. _____	Year _____	Quantity _____	_____ sold	Licensee's name
Depot _____				_____ used	
Village _____					
Taluk _____					
Division _____					
Station _____					

(one page ruled)

This book is the property of Government and must be returned to any Prohibition Officer not below the rank of Inspector on the expiry of the period of licence.

Maximum stock  
Minimum stock

Monthly Consumption	sale				Punishments inflicted on the licensee (a) date of offence (b) date of judgement or order (c) by whom inflicted, (d) number of case or order, (e) nature of offence and (f) punishment
	19 In the month	19 Up to the month	19 In the month	19 Up to the month	
Month _____					

April

May

June

July

August

September

October

(Six pages)

(Four pages)

November

December

January

February

March

## FORM—D V

(See Rule 14)

Account to be maintained by holders of licences for the sale or for possession and use of denatured spirit, methylated spirit, methyl alcohol. Nature of licence and number.

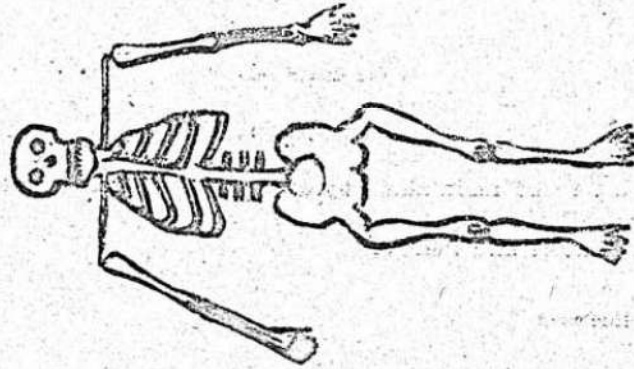
Name of licensee.

Station.

For licences in Form D, DIA	}	Litres	(1) Date
			(2) Opening balance
		Litres	(3) Quantity received
			(4) Source of supply
		Litres	(5) Total quantity in hand and received
		Litres	(6) Quantity sold to purchasers or used or issued (each transaction)
			(7) Name of purchaser
			(8) Address of purchaser and name of station to which issued
		Litres	(9) The quantity sold, used or issued each day.
			(10) Remarks

FORM—D VI  
(Sec Rule 14)

POISON  
NOT TO BE TAKEN  
INTERNALLY



விஷம்  
உள்ளுக்குச் சாப்பிடக்கூடாது

DENATURED SPIRIT

Spirit made in.....

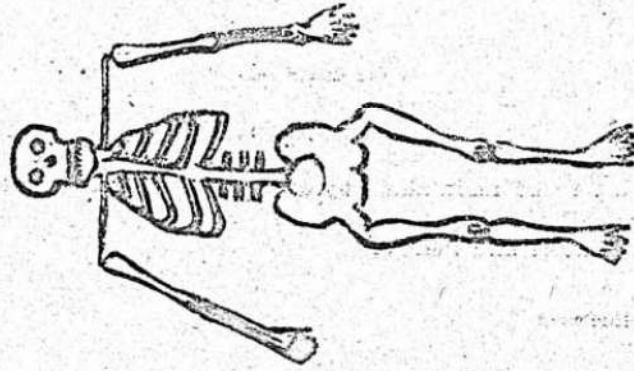
and methylated in.....

பிஷம்

அக்சுறுத்தை கச்சிவைபாஸ் பாடினது.

FORM—D VI  
(Sec Rule 14)

POISON  
NOT TO BE TAKEN  
INTERNALLY



விஷம்  
உள்ளுக்குச் சாப்பிடக்கூடாது

DENATURED SPIRIT

Spirit made in.....

and methylated in.....

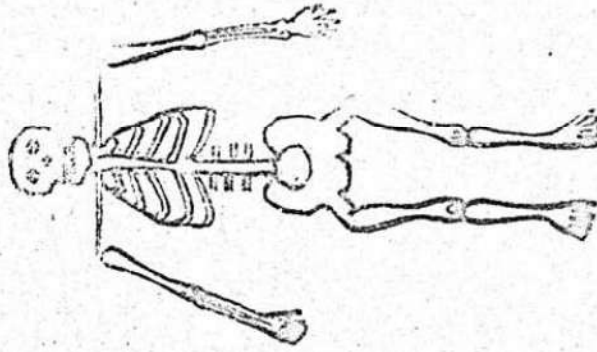
பிஷம்

அக்சுறுவை கഴிக்கவாம் பாதுஷ்டரவு.



FORM—D VII,  
(See Rule 14)

**POISON  
NOT TO BE TAKEN  
INTERNALLY**



விஷம்  
உள்ளூக்குநர் சாப்பிடக்கூடாது

**METHYLATED SPIRIT**

*Spirit made in.....*

*and denatured in.....*

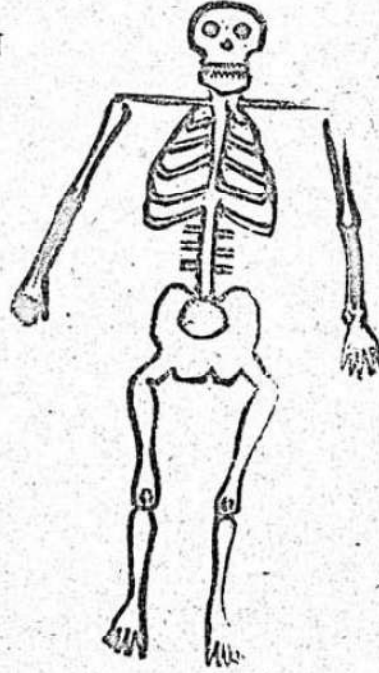
பிளம்

மதுபானம் கரிசுவரம் அல்லாது.

## FORM—D VIII

(See Rule 14)

**POISON**  
NOT TO BE TAKEN  
INTERNALLY



விஷம்  
உள்ளுக்குச்  
சாப்பிடக்  
கூடாது

**METHYL ALCOHOL**

விஷம்  
அகறெனக்  
கொடுவாൻ  
பாடுதலு.

Made in.....

By order of the Governor  
R. GOPALASWAMY,  
Secretary to Government.